



BARMORAL CASTLE, THE QUEEN'S SUMMER HOME IN SCOTLAND.

JUST SCOOTED.

Senate Had Its Seven-League Boots On.

Makes a Record in the Way of Tariff Consideration.

The Free List is Disposed of in Three Hours.

A New Paragraph Admitting Anti-Toxine Free Adopted on Motion of Senator White—House Proceedings.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The Senate made giant strides on the Tariff Bill today, covering fifty-six pages and establishing a record for progress during this tariff debate. The last two schedules on the dutiable list, covering paper and manufactured sundries, were completed with the exception of

per cent. ad valorem. Surface coated papers went over.

In paragraph 395, relating to envelopes, a new committee provision was added, as follows: "If made from tissue parchment paper, 20 per cent. ad valorem."

A new committee paragraph was adopted, providing: "Photograph, autograph and scrap albums, 35 per cent. ad valorem."

In schedule N (sundries) a new paragraph was adopted, providing for duties on trousers buckles, varying from 5 cents to 15 cents per 1000, according to grade, and a uniform ad valorem duty of 15 per cent. In the paragraph on buttons of various kinds, the clause referring to buttons of bone was amended to include steel trousseau buttons at one-fourth of 1 cent per line per gross.

The paragraph on corks was amended, making manufactured corks over three-fourths of an inch in diameter 15 cents a pound, three-fourths of an inch and less in diameter, 25 cents a pound.

Matches caused something of a contest. Mr. Allison moved to disagree to the committee amendment of 20 per cent. ad valorem and to agree to the House rates with changes making the rate 8 cents a gross in boxes, in place of 10 cents, and 3/4 of a cent per 1000 when imported in bulk, in place of 1 cent.

Mr. Vest and Mr. Gray opposed the rates, the latter stating that the business was enormously profitable.

Mr. Allison explained that the change from ad valorem to specific was made on the recommendation of treasury experts, and in part offset the duties on raw materials, including lumber. Mr. Allison's proposals were agreed to. Mr. Pettigrew moved to add a clause fixing the rate on safety fuses at 10 per cent. He said these fuses were used in mining operations, and that the article was controlled by a trust. He submitted letters and statements showing the extent of the alleged fuse



H.R.H. THE PRINCE OF WALES.

the paragraphs on hides, gloves, coal and some lesser articles, which went over. This advanced the Senate to the free list, which was taken up at 2 p. m., and completed in three hours.

Early in the day the wool and silk schedules went over with an agreement that wool would be taken up tomorrow. After that, the tobacco schedule, the reciprocity provisions and the internal-revenue portions of the bill and the many isolated paragraphs passed over or remain to be considered. The progress today was so marked, however, that for the first time there was a feeling that the end was not far off.

FIFTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

EXTRA SESSION.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

WASHINGTON, June 21.—SENATE.—There was little debate today, the main topic of discussion being matches and fuses. On the latter item an amendment by Mr. Pettigrew reducing the rate to 10 per cent. came within one vote of passing, against the protest of the Finance Committee, the vote being 14 to 24. While the free list was under consideration, Mr. Bacon of Georgia gave notice of an amendment placing cotton ties on the free list, and Mr. McLaurin of South Carolina gave notice of another amendment taking raw cotton from the free list, thus com-



H.R.H. PRINCESS VICTORIA OF WALES.

pleting the action heretofore taken of placing a duty of 20 per cent. on cotton. The following changes were made in the bill as reported to the Senate on motion of Mr. Allison:

Paragraph No. 392 was amended so as to read: "Printing paper, unsized, sized or glazed, suitable only for books and newspapers, 15 per cent. ad valorem, provided that no such paper shall pay a less rate of duty than three-tenths of a cent a pound."

In paragraph No. 393, relating to papers known as copying papers, etc., a new committee amendment was inserted, including "bibulous paper." The rate of the committee amendment on these papers weighing over 6 pounds and not over 10 pounds to the ream and letter-copying book, whether wholly or partly manufactured, was changed from 4 cents a pound and 15 per cent. ad valorem, to 5 cents a pound and 15



THE QUEEN AND PRINCE CONSORT.

tee's action. In this connection Mr. Allison stated that the assertion of Mr. Vest during previous debates that the American factories were selling goods abroad cheaper than at home, had been disproved, to which statement Mr. Vest demurred, saying his position was simply untrue.

Unexpectedly the Senate was brought to the free list, all of the customs features of the bill having been either considered or passed over.

Mr. Morgan of Alabama was disinclined to go on with the free list until the passed items in the customs portions of the bill were acted on. Mr. Allison explained that amendments would be in order tomorrow to any portion of the bill, and with this understanding Mr. Morgan withdrew his objection.

The first paragraph was left blank as to the date when the exceptions from duty shall go into effect.

Paragraph 460, relating to animals admitted free for breeding purposes, was changed, on motion of Mr. Chilton of Texas to provide that the Secretary of Agriculture shall certify to the Secretary of the Treasury the pure breeds coming under the free list. Mr. Jones of Arkansas gave notice of a further amendment that animals straying across the boundary may be brought back.

Mr. Allison proposed a new paragraph, 534½, admitting free of duty fence posts. It went over.

Mr. Vest moved a new paragraph mowing from duty horse manure, straw, including what is commonly known as Chinese matting. It went over.

Vegetable ivory was added to the free list.

Mr. Vest moved to add iron ore on the free list. It went over at Mr. Allison's request.

Mr. Stewart moved to add cyanide of potassium to the free list. Postponed.

Paragraph 650, including tea, went over.

The following additional paragraphs of the free list went over: Articles returned by the post, 40 per cent. duty; beaumont, 40 per cent. duty; stores of American industry and equalizing the differences in labor standards here and abroad, but it was not willing to contribute to the profits of a trust.

Mr. Platt of Connecticut who, with Mr. Allison, is in charge of the bill, said this was "the most remarkable temper in a temper" he had ever witnessed. All that seemed necessary to get a duty lowered was to present some newspaper clipping declaring that a trust existed. He did not know whether there was a trust or not, but he urged that the rate on fuses, which would come under the general "basket" clause of 35 to 40 per cent., was a just one.

The vote on the Pettigrew amendment, years 24, years 24, a tie, and the Vice-President declared the amendment lost. Messrs. Mantle, Pettigrew,

Stewart and Teller, Silver Republicans, voted in the affirmative with the Democrats.

Feathers and downs went over.

Paragraph 420 was changed, making hair, curled, for beds and hair drawn or cleaned, 10 per cent.

The paragraph on diamonds and other precious stones went over. Pearls, in their natural state, was changed to include "half pearls."

This brought the Senate to the leather paragraphs. Hides and manufactured leather went over. All the paragraphs down to and including 448 were agreed to as reported, except those on gloves, paintings, pencils of wood or paper, which went over.

The paragraph on plows and other agricultural implements, 20 per cent., brought on a brief contest. Mr. Vest and Mr. White criticizing the commit-

tee's action. In this connection Mr. Allison stated that the assertion of Mr. Vest during previous debates that the American factories were selling goods abroad cheaper than at home, had been disproved, to which statement Mr. Vest demurred, saying his position was simply untrue.

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and Princess Charles of Denmark and Princess Victoria, have jointly presented to the Queen a brooch consisting of one very large white diamond encircled with a diamond row.

The Duke and Duchess of Coburg, the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, Prince and Princess Christian, the Marquis and Marchioness of Lorne, and the Duchess of Albany and Battenburg, have united in gift to Her Majesty of a long chain of diamond links with an imperial crown in the center, bearing on one side the date 1857 and on the other 1897. The dates are in brilliant.

The royal household presented to the Queen a large brooch of fine brilliants, having in the center an exceptionally lustrous pearl to match the jubilee peckle presented to her in 1857 by the Daughters of the Empire.

THE BLACK BANNER.

Disaffected Irishmen Indulge in Hostile Demonstrations.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.] DUBLIN, June 21.—[By Atlantic Cable.] At a meeting held near College Green today in connection with the jubilee, a black banner was displayed bearing the statement:

"During Victoria's reign one and a half millions of people have starved in this island. Three millions have been evicted and four millions have been compelled to emigrate."

A body of undergraduates, who marched out from the grounds of Trinity College carrying a union jack, came into collision with the crowd, and there was considerable fighting. Philip Calan was severely wounded in the head, and several others were more or less injured. Only with difficulty did the police restore order. The cause of the trouble was rivalry in singing national airs.

After the rumpus the crowd paraded the streets and destroyed the decorations.

COLONIAL ENTHUSIASM.

Admission of Laurier to the Privy Council Very Satisfactory.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.] LONDON, June 22.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The Times and all the morning papers contain long telegrams from the colonies describing the enthusiasm in connection with jubilee fetes. The editorials express a rather quiet satisfaction over the jubilee honors, though the Liberal organs betray some measure of disappointment. Literature is practically ignored.

There is unanimous approval, how-

ever, of the honors conferred upon colonial statesmen, and this is especially keen in the case of Mr. Laurier. The admission of the Premier to the Privy Council is regarded as a sort of recognition of the colonies to share in the imperial councils.

The Daily Chronicle says: "If, as we believe, this was Mr. Chamberlain's idea, we heartily congratulate him."

AMERICANS IN LONDON.

A Round of Pleasure for the Present Week.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.] NEW YORK, June 21.—A dispatch to the Journal from London says:

"The Americans will have all the best of it during the jubilee week, as they will enjoy the hospitality of their English friends and reciprocate their attentions after the tumult is over. Preparations are being made to exhaust all possible resources. Dinners, receptions, balls and afternoon teas will follow each other in quick succession, interspersed here and there, when the weather permits, with garden parties and river trips."

William Waldorf Astor has already set the ball rolling by entertaining the

masses before he receives the aristocracy. He has published a jubilee edition of the Pall Mall Gazette for 1d. against 6d. and is charged by the other newspapers. He has done this without any hope of possible gain, as there is no chance of profit accruing from it. In addition he will receive royalty and distinguished foreign visitors in finished style at his own town mansion in Carlton House Terrace, which will have its doors open wide all this week, while three especial functions will occur during the week following. Mrs. Mackay, one of London's greatest American hostesses, will remain secluded. This is a matter of much regret to her many American and English friends. But she is observing her strict mourning.

Mrs. Joseph Chamberlain, formerly Miss Endicott, will be one of the foremost of American entertainers. Her house, once the mansion of the late Sir Julian Goldsmith, has been brilliantly decorated and will be the scene of several elaborate balls, the first of which occurs on the 28th. It promises to equal, if not to eclipse, that of the Duchess of Westminster, which precedes it on the 25th. Mrs. Ogden Goelet, whose dinner for the Prince of Wales, the Prince of Russia and the Prince of Monaco, was pronounced the social success of the season, will repeat the affair on a still more gorgeous scale. The long rows of German Kings and Russian Princes will fill her spacious corridors and listen to prominent operatic artists free of charge, for carriage hire, even, is being provided for them by the British government, whose generosity has been excited by the occasion of the diamond jubilee.

The Duchess of Marlborough will entertain very little. It is said, however, that Spencer House will be open to her intimate friends the week following. In the mean time it is said in some quarters that she will not be in town on the great day itself, but will wait in the country until the first burst of loyal turmoil has subsided.

Mrs. Eugene Kelley has taken a house in St. James Square. It is her first season as a full-fledged hostess in London society, and she has signalized it by having her residence adorned by perhaps the most startling illuminations of any private dwelling in the city. At night it is one blaze of colored lights, in which the initials "V. R." are most prominent.

Strange to say there is not the slightest vestige of any America display in the whole set of decorations. Most of the other Americans sport the Stars and Stripes conspicuously, sometimes lovingly entwined with the British en-

signs and growth of the empire until the coming of the present reign, and then says:

"Never in our crowded republic's story yet, Of all that men remember or forget, This strange, this precious thing has been, No reign of three-score years of King or Queen."

Our annual held, till in this waning age Time's finger writes it on the storied page: This is the golden link which binds in one All British hearts beneath the circling sun. And this, the star which draws all far and near, This aged life and dear."

The poet, after picturing the Queen's life and the gathering of her subjects from all quarters of the globe to do her honor, says:

"This pomp makes history long years to be, When all our brave Victorian company, Beyond the circuits of the stars has gone, The echoes of this memorable day, Not white with dust of time, Shall still go widening widening on Till British with new fires of union glow."

The ode concludes:

"Princes and peoples join alike to pay Due reverence to a woman's blameless way, And bless with voice and heart This fair, auspicious day."

ON THIS COAST.

Third Celebration of the Jubilee at San Francisco.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.] SAN FRANCISCO, June 21.—The third local celebration of the Victorian jubilee took place today under the auspices of the Sons and Daughters of St. George. Part of the day was devoted to literary exercises, followed by outdoor sports during the afternoon and a ball, banquet and fireworks in the evening.

The exercises this afternoon were preceded by a royal salute of twenty-one guns and a fanfare of trumpets, after which the audience sang "God Save the Queen." Addresses were made by Charles W. Pope, Edward Oliver and Rev. Josiah Sims of Nevada.

BRIBER AND FORGER.

NAMES APPLIED TO BILLY BOY BY PROF. BATEMAN.

The Candidate of the People's Party of Maine Says Bryan Gave Fifteen Hundred Dollars With an Understanding—Appended the Professor's Name to a Letter.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.] LEWISTON (Me.) June 21.—Prof. L. C. Bateman of Auburn, who was the didate of the People's party of Maine for Governor last year, and who is a leader of the middle-of-the-road forces in this State, today published an attack on William J. Bryan. Prof. Bateman says that Populist Congressman Freeman Knowles of South Dakota, while on his recent trip to his home in Skowhegan, Me., gave out the information that Mr. Bryan's recent gift of \$1500 to the Populist National Committee was given with the distinct understanding that no distinct action against fusion should be taken by the People's party at the next national convention.

This, Prof. Bateman also says, is nothing more than direct bribery. Prof. Bateman also says that Mr. Bryan has appended his (Bateman's) name to Senator Allen's letter of notification given out last September. Bateman was secretary of the Notification Committee, but did not sign the letter in question. He says that Mr. Bryan's action in printing his name on the letter in the new book is an act of political forgery.

Bateman is a delegate to the middle-of-the-road national conference at Nashville, Tenn., July 4. He says he will bring these matters before that body.

OGDEN GATEWAY.

Passengers to Be Rushed Through on "Clock" Tickets.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.] CHICAGO, June 21.—The row between the western roads over the business going through the Ogden gateway will be settled at a meeting to be held in New York some day this week. The conference on this city did not result in anything.

The Missouri Pacific, Burlington and Atchison roads have entered into an agreement by which the use of what are known as "clock" tickets will be strictly enforced through the Ogden gateway and over the Oregon Short Line. This will insure the continuous passage of the ticket holders and give an opportunity for demoralization in rates at that point.

ORIGINAL BOYCOTT.

The Famous Captain Dead—His Advice to the Irish.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.] LONDON, June 21.—[By Atlantic Cable.] Capt. Boycott is dead. He was about 55 years of age, and became famous through being the first man subjected to a "boycott" in Ireland. He was laid agent in 1851 to the Cennemara section of the County Mayo, where he collected rents. He made a speech in which he urged the people of Ireland to abstain from agrarian crimes and adopt instead a policy of sending harsh landlords, agents and bailiffs to "inventory," the old term for boycotting. Events so shaped themselves that Capt. Boycott was the first man whom the Irish experimented on in this connection.

Instructed the Jury to Acquit.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—Judge Bradley instructed the jury to acquit Broker Seymour, on trial for alleged contempt of the Senate Sugar Trust Investigating Committee. Broker McCarthy will be tried later.

ever, of the honors conferred upon colonial statesmen, and this is especially keen in the case of Mr. Laurier. The admission of the Premier to the Privy Council is regarded as a sort of recognition of the colonies to share in the imperial councils.

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blems and in other cases alone, as a national display.

Jefferson M. Levy of Monticello will entertain a party of Americans at Walsingham House, Piccadilly, where they have an excellent view of the procession. It will be an all-day affair, during which luncheon, tea and dinner will be served.

Mr. and Mrs. George Gould are at present at the Savoy Hotel. They have yet succeeded in getting a suitable house. They will speedily do so and not be behind in hospitality.

George Vanderbilt is living very quietly at Lord's Hotel. He has one of the highest-priced seats of the parade and will be a guest of some of the affairs of Mrs. Goelet and Mrs. Chamberlain. Beyond that he will do little but drive daily in the park.

MORE POETRY.

A Jubilee Ode from the Pen of Sir Lewis Morris.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.] LONDON, June 21.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The Times this morning publishes a jubilee ode from the pen of Sir Lewis Morris. It begins:

"Rejoice, give thanks for all the centuries Since first our little island, a crescent story, A feeble radiance, woke the waning skies To rise in full-orbed glory."

The ode proceeds to describe the

John G. Brady of Sitka, Alaska, to be Governor of Alaska.

John U. Smith of Portland, Or., and William J. Jones of Port Townsend, Wash., to be commissioners in and for the District of Alaska.

BISHOP BONACUM.

The Pope's Representative Has Sustained His Action.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.] OMAHA (Neb.) June 21.—Another decision has been made in the celebrated case of the priest of Lincoln diocese against Bishop Thomas Bonacum. At the direction of the sacred propaganda at Rome, the case was heard at the Metropolitan Court at Dubuque last year, Rev. Peter Baart of Detroit presiding at the request of Archbishop Henry. Father Baart decided in favor of the priests at every point. Bishop Bonacum appealed to Mgr. Martini in December.

Father Fitzgerald today received the decision of Mgr. Martini, and with it a letter directing that the decision and sentence be not given to the press for publication. It is learned that in this decision and sentence, which is quite long and written in Latin, Mgr. Martini has done all that Father Baart did in the Metropolitan at Dubuque and has in no way censured the bishop for the expulsion and suspension and excommunication pronounced over a year ago by the bishop against the priest.

THE WEATHER.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles.
June 21.—At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 30.02; at 5 p.m., 29.98. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 54 deg. and 70 deg. Relative humidity, 5 a.m., 85 per cent.; 5 p.m., 60 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., calm; 5 p.m., southwest, velocity 10 miles. Maximum temperature, 77 deg.; minimum temperature, 54 deg. Character of weather, clear.
Barometer reduced to sea level.

The Games

ALL ALONG THE LINE.

Fresno county's grape crop will be about a failure this year, owing to the presence of "thrips" and other evils. The Fresnoites have their remedy. All they have to do is to plant cabbage between the rows of vines and the eastern markets will take all the cabbage they can produce.

Riverside feels good because it has a band which has been engaged to play every Sunday at Redondo Beach during the coming season, instead of having the music furnished by Los Angeles musicians. Redondo has had Los Angeles bands for the last six years and it became necessary to make a change of some sort.

Prof. Tonney is authority for the statement that two-thirds of the weeds we have in our gardens and fields come from planting unclean seeds; and that the Russian thistle, which has proven such a nuisance in the South, was brought into the United States in a lot of Russian flaxseed imported some years ago from Odessa.

In order to promote trade with Mexico, Los Angeles must secure freight rates by water lower than the rates from San Francisco to Mexican ports. If the steamship companies will not make fair terms, Los Angeles surely should be able to build ships and establish a line of her own. No corporation can fence in a right-of-way on the sea.

A decision has been rendered by the supervising inspector of the port of San Francisco regarding gasoline engines on vessels, which will be of interest to those who own gasoline launches on this coast. Capt. Birmingham, the supervising inspector, has set aside the rule that passengers could not be carried on vessels using gasoline to work their engines.

The Southern Pacific crossing, illegally laid on Alameda street at the junction of First street, has not been removed, although the Council has thrice ordered that it be taken out and has notified the corporations responsible for its existence to remove it forthwith. The crossing has been cunningly concealed under a layer of sand to deceive citizens into the belief that it has been taken up. Uncle Collier's hired men seem to be determined to get it into trouble, and some day they will succeed beyond their expectations. This appears to be a good opportunity for the Mayor to execute his famous "chain-gang" threat.

JEWELRY STOLEN.

The House of E. Davis Near West Glendale Broken Into.

While E. Davis and his wife were absent from their home near West Glendale on a trip to Los Angeles to sell some berries last Saturday, their house was entered and valuable jewelry stolen. The thieves obtained an entrance through a window and turned everything moveable in the house upside-down. Davis and his wife arrived at home shortly after the noon hour on last Saturday. When they found that the house had been broken into and burglarized, Davis telephoned the facts to the Sheriff's office, and Deputy Sheriff's Guy Woodward and Will Will went at once to the house.

The thieves stole two silver watches, three watch guards, one gold, one silver, and the other silk, a heavy gold ring for a scarf set with twenty pearls and a ruby, a gold pin set with a dark stone, three gold brooches, two gold rings, one of them set with a 220 pearl, a set of gold shirt and sleeve studs, and some loose stones, among them emeralds, sapphires, etc. The whole lot is valued by Davis at \$200. The whole lot is valued by Davis at \$200. The whole lot is valued by Davis at \$200.

This case was followed up, and the officers found that the man who passed by was not the right party. Yesterday about noon Garrett arrested and brought to Los Angeles a man who gave his name as Charles McGlone. McGlone came to the house of an old man named Preston, who lives almost directly across the road, a week ago last Sunday. He worked for his board until Saturday about noon, when he left Preston and walked in to Los Angeles.

According to McGlone, he went about two weeks ago to get work in the Mellin Company's wheat fields. He was told to come again in eight or ten days. Yesterday morning, McGlone says, he started for the wheat fields again, and was on his way when arrested. McGlone was released.

Accused of Smuggling Chinese.
Capt. James E. Wright and Mate Peter Amussen of the Nereld, a schooner alleged to have been engaged in carrying contraband Chinese into the United States, have been brought to the County Jail from San Diego to await their trial in the United States District Court for smuggling. Seven Chinamen were recently landed on the sea coast near Capistrano. They were captured and deported. Amussen confessed that the Nereld landed the Chinese. Capt. Wright, on being arrested, declared that at the time of his alleged offense he was on his ranch in Mexico, and that First Officer Amussen was the guilty smuggler.

Normal School Trustees.
J. Marion Brooks, Percy Wilson, T. B. Lukens and A. E. Pomeroy have been appointed trustees of the State Normal School at Los Angeles for terms of four years. The joint board of all the normal schools will meet at San Jose on the 25th inst., by order of the Governor. The joint board will elect the principals of the various normal schools of the State.

Dropped Dead.
Jerry Stovel, an old colored man, dropped dead at the city limits near the Santa Monica electric road yesterday afternoon. An inquest will be held today at Orr & Hines' undertaking establishment, where the body now lies. The deceased was well advanced in years, and had been subject to hemorrhages of the lungs, probably the cause of his death. He leaves a family on Vermont avenue.

Society.

Mrs. George G. Mullins of Ellendale Place entertained the Monday Musical Club yesterday afternoon, in place of Mrs. Macneil, whose illness prevented the extension of her hospitality to the club as has been planned. The pretty rooms were decorated with roses and carnations. The programme, which was very enjoyably rendered, was as follows: Quartette for four hands at the piano, violin and cello, march and chorus, "Travis" (Mossart.) Misses C. S. Walton, Mullins, the Misses Madge Rogers, and Mary Mullins; piano solo, Ballade, (Reinecke,) by Miss Miriam Barnes; a vocal solo, "The Dearest Spot on Earth" (Wrighton), and as before, by Misses Mullins, Donizetti's "Drinking Song," Mrs. Jenny Kempton; vocal solo, "Lost Chord" (Sullivan), and encore, "Some Sweet Day" (Vannah.) Mrs. J. G. Scarborough; piano solos, "Humoresque" (Grieg), and "The Nightingale" (Liszt.) Miss Conger; vocal solo, "The Heart is Young" (Dudley Buck), by Mrs. Roth Hamilton; vocal solos, "Tell Me" (Nevin), and "Night Song" (Victor Harris.) Miss Jennie Winston; piano solo, Chopin valse in A-flat, Miss Amelle Berger. Among the guests, besides the club members, were Misses E. P. C. Klokke, Cornelia Cole, John Ainsworth of Redondo, Charles Ellis, Dorsey, B. C. Whiting, Jenny Kempton, and Mrs. Whiteman of San Francisco.

A very charming reception was given last evening by Mrs. Mortimer, mother of British Vice-Consul Mortimer, at her residence, Whitehall, No. 1229 South Grand avenue, in honor of the Queen's jubilee.

The rooms were profusely decorated with flowers. Hanging baskets with trailing plants brightened the broad entrances. Tables were filled with purple masses of hydrangeas, palms and ivies adorned the walls; gladioli, carnations, roses and numerous other bright flowers filled the jardiniere. Pleasant social converse interspersed with both vocal and instrumental music occupied the evening, and at the close, just before the guests dispersed, some happy remarks, pertinent to the occasion, were made by Rev. Haskett Smith. Those present were:

B. W. R. Taylor, Grindley, Wheaton of Vernon, Grasset, Dorsey, Kirkpatrick, H. G. Otis, Winstanley, Lloyd, Allen, Misses—Trew, Grasset, Givens, Kirkpatrick, Dorsey, Howland, Mackenzie, Revs.—R. F. G. Wood, John Gray, Doctors—Kirkpatrick, Allen, Col. H. G. Otis, Messrs.—R. F. G. Wood, Winstanley, Grasset.

Mr. and Mrs. Milo Baker of Ingraham street, entertained informally last evening in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Ira C. Edwards, and the Misses Edwards, who are about to leave for Mexico to make their home in this city. The rooms were prettily decorated with purple solanum, sweet peas and roses. Among the guests were:

Messdames—H. W. Brobeck, B. F. Sanborn, J. A. B. Wilson, Herman Wilson, W. Edwards, Francis Shafer, Misses—Mabel Clute, Florence Clute, D. W. Edwards, Messrs.—H. W. Brobeck, D. W. Edwards, J. A. B. Wilson, Carl Wilson, Herman Wilson, J. F. Danforth of Boston, Francis Shafer, Ralph Wilson, Herman Wilson.

Messrs. Beresford and Gordon Mortimer, the little sons of Vice-Consul C. White Mortimer and Mrs. Mortimer, gave a children's party last evening at the residence of their parents on Grand avenue. Games were followed by a supper served on the veranda, which was inclosed and lighted with Japanese lanterns. The Union Jack was everywhere in evidence throughout the rooms. Among the little guests were the Misses Constance and Cecily Fraeger, Retta and May Allen, Mabel and Irene Daggett, Blanche and Florence Whelan, Margaret, Dorothy and Barbara Taylor, Kittle and Geraldine Mortimer, Masters Arnold Praeger, Carl Hunt, Kennedy McClure and Holland Griffin.

The music section of the Ebell was entertained at its last meeting yesterday afternoon by Miss Adair, the curator, under whose direction during the year, the members have been studying the development of musical form. The programme consisted of a violin solo, "Lohengrin Fantasia," by Miss Maxson; piano solo, "The Chase," from Mendelssohn's "Songs Without Words," Miss Nore Strong; vocal solo, "Madrigal" (Chaminade), Miss Ione Parsons; piano solos, "Scar Dance" and "Serenade" (Chaminade), Miss Florence Reilly; song, "Mignon" (D'Hardelot), Mrs. le Doux; piano solos, Op. 2, No. 2, (Chaminade), "Norwegian Bridal Procession" (Grieg), Miss Reid; song, "In the Woods" (MacDowell), Miss Ione Parsons.

NOTES AND PERSONALS.
Miss Lucy Jackson and Miss Ruth Adams, who have been the recipients of any amount of social attention during their visit with Mrs. John P. Jackson, Jr., left yesterday for their homes in San Francisco.

Mrs. Shelley Tolhurst invited a few friends informally yesterday afternoon to meet her sister, Mrs. Frederic Harnden of San Francisco.

Mr. and Mrs. B. L. Morris will receive their friends tomorrow evening at their residence, No. 422 West Seventh street, in honor of the return of their son, Dr. J. Ira Morris.

Mrs. A. C. Doan and daughter Mabel of Monterey, and Miss Effie Schaeffer of Los Angeles will leave today for San Francisco and other northern cities, to be gone several weeks. Mrs. W. C. Schaeffer, who has been quite ill, will join them in a few days.

Record Breaking.

The sale of Harrison's Town and Country Paints during the past two years has been more than double that of any paint sold in Los Angeles. That's record breaking—that's paint selling. Pretty good proof that it's a good paint. More proofs to those who want 'em.

P. H. Mathews,
238-240 South Main Street.
Middle of Block,
Bet. 2d and 3d Sts.

SQUARE PIANOS \$90.

Good Steinway Piano in first class condition \$90. Emerson & Co. We have six Square Pianos to close out. "Your credit is good" and we'll allow the purchase price any time you want to exchange it for a new instrument.

Southern California Music Co., 216-218 W. 2d St., Broadway Bldg.



There is only one kind of glasses for defective sight. Perfect glasses. For correct fitting and grinding of perfect glasses consult us. Fit and comfort assured.

245 S. Spring
J. G. Marshall
Established 1878.
Look for CROWN
TRADE MARK

I. Magnin & Co.
Manufacturers,
237 SOUTH SPRING ST.
Mail Orders Filled.
MONEY BACK GUARANTEE.

Pursuit of the House Boat,
By John Kendrick Bangs.
Price, 10c.
For sale by
C. C. PARKER,
246 S. Broadway, near Public Library.
The largest, most varied and most complete stock of books on the Pacific Coast.

SOAP FOAM

Is the King of Washing Powders.
5c, 15c and 25c packages.
Your grocer keeps it.

ICE.

The reason our Ice lasts so long is because we freeze it so hard, you want long lasting ice and prompt service.
Telephone Us
Main 228
Or write
The Ice and Cold Storage Co.
P. O. Box 212

Los Angeles College
Oldest, Largest, Best, Experienced Teachers, Modern Methods, Thorough Courses of Study including Telegraphy and Accounting. New Illustrated Catalogue sent Free. - 212 West Third St.

Bartlett's Music House.
Everything in Music.
233 S. Spring St. Established 1875.
Sole Agency
Kimball Pianos.

Syphilis, Rheumatism, Eczema, Ulcers, Glands and all diseases of the blood are cured by the use of Swaim's Panacea.

"THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST."

BOSTON DRY STORE.

239 Broadway.

Tel. 904 Main.

J. W. ROBINSON CO.

AGENTS FOR BUTTERICK PATTERNS.

LACES.

Torchon, Oriental, Normandie and Batiste.

Delicate textures and dainty designs, combined with extreme low prices, have made these goods the most popular garniture of the season.

TORCHON LACES.

8-1-3c, 10c, 12-1-2c Torchon Laces reduced to, yard.....5c
15c, 18c, 20c Torchon Laces reduced to, yard.....12-1-2c
30c, 35c, 40c Torchon Laces reduced to, yard.....20c

NORMANDIE VAL. LACES.

15c, 20c, 25c Normandie Laces reduced to, yard.....12-1-2c
30c, 35c, 40c Normandie Laces reduced to, yard.....20c
40c, 45c, 50c Normandie Laces reduced to, yard.....25c

ORIENTAL LACES.

20c, 25c Oriental Laces reduced to, yard.....15c
35c, 37-1-2c Oriental Laces reduced to, yard.....25c
40c, 45c Oriental Laces reduced to, yard.....30c
60c, 75c, 85c Oriental Laces reduced to, yard.....35c

EXTRA SPECIAL.

BATISTE BANDS AND EDGES.

\$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2.00 Goods reduced to, yard....75c

H. JEVNE

Try Our
Delicacy Counter.

Don't forget our Delicacy Counter—preserved meats of all kinds—pickles of all kinds—cheeses—smoked fish and a hundred dainties that help to make the mid-day lunch easy to get and dainty. The Bakery Counter close by is temptingly laden with the freshest and best of baking.

208-210 South Spring St., Wilcox Building.

WOOLLACOTT'S

Woollacott's Label Guarantees QUALITY.

Wines and Liquors. 124-126 N. Spring St.

Ramona Flavoring Extracts

Pure and Strong—Richest of all in Flavor,
Praised by thousands, the first in Public Favor.

Are you in hot water

Caused by the leakage of a worthless hot water bottle? If this is your case, let us show you one that will never place you in this dilemma. We sell a Good Fountain Syringe for 50c.

SALE & SON,

Wholesale and Retail Druggists. 220 S. Spring St., Los Angeles.

Gas Ranges

An immense stock of these necessities to select from.
Our prices will interest scores of housewives.

A Good Serviceable Gas Range

Fully guaranteed, four burners,
top 33x21 inches, oven
14x18x3 inches
(like cut)

For \$14.00

Los Angeles
Lighting Company,
457 S. Broadway.



SEE ALLEN'S

NEW Furniture and Carpets

Before Purchasing.

332 and 334 South Spring Street.

Shirts of Sense

For Men with Cents

Cool shirts, fancy shirts, plain shirts, dress shirts, shirts for 65 cents or for \$5.00. The largest portion of the Elephant on our hands is in shirts. Every shirt is marked down—marked down to where they will sell quick. Our idea is to rush 'em out. New styles, well-fitting and more kinds to pick from than we wish we had.

Our \$1.50 Manhattan Shirts Reduced to.....75c
Our \$1.50 Madras Golf Shirts Reduced to.....\$1.00
Our \$2.00 Silk and Wool Golf Shirts Reduced to.....\$1.50
Our \$2.50 Silk and Wool Golf Shirts Reduced to.....\$2.00
Our \$5.00 Pure Silk Shirts Reduced to.....\$3.00

LOWMAN & CO., 131 South Spring St.

Newberry's

"Lead in Quality and Quantity."

We are Prepared To handle the trade of the city in the most economical manner and give them the best goods the country affords, at bottom prices.

Cleveland, Price's, Royal Baking Powder, 1-lb. cans, 40c.

We are agents for the purest of pure Mountain Spring Water, the GLEN ROCK (formerly known as Poland Rock.) Call at our store and get a free sample.

Telephone, Main 26. 216-218 S. Spring St.

Cashmere Store Co

314 & 316 SOUTH SPRING ST.

Refrigerators and Ice Cream Freezers.



STRICTLY RELIABLE

DR. TALCOTT & CO.

The Only Specialists in Southern California Treating

EVERY FORM OF WEAKNESS and

DISEASES OF MEN ONLY.

Enlarged, Swollen and Twisted Veins, usually on the left side. Piles and Rupture cured in one week. Any form of weakness cured in six weeks. Discharges and Blood taints a specialty.

To Show Our Good Faith,

We Never Ask for a Dollar Until Cure is Effected.

We mean this emphatically and it is for everybody. All correspondence, giving full information, cheerfully answered.

Cor. Third and Main Sts., Over Wells-Fargo. Private Entrance on Third Street

Removal Sale of Fine Footwear. Every Pair Goes. Store to Rent. L. W. Giffin, 104 North Spring Street.

We Cultivate Beauty
Buy our unequalled process of face massage and remove all facial blemishes permanently, such as superfluous hair, moles, wrinkles, etc. Manicuring, shampooing, artistic coiffures. IMPERIAL HAIR BAZAR, 216-218 W. Second street. Tel. Black 124.

THE PUBLIC SERVICE.]

THE MAYOR'S APPEAL

URGES COUNCIL TO IMPROVE
SPRING AND MAIN STREETS.Message Promptly Filled and Even
Temporary Relief Refused to
Passengers.

ON TRIAL FOR PERJURY.

MRS. JULIA E. KNOX ACCUSED OF
FALSE SWEARING.Two Supreme Court Opinions—Jailer
Kennedy Discovers an Alleged
Plot to Kill the Turnkey
and Break Jail.

At the City Hall yesterday the Council met in regular session. The lease of land adjoining the public market for four years was ordered. A transfer of \$500 from the Echo Park fund to the Elysian Park fund was granted. Regulations affecting fruit vendors were approved and will be adopted later in the form of an ordinance. Mayor Snyder sent a message to the Council urging it to take steps toward the improvement of Spring and Main-street pavements. If only looking to temporary relief, the Council however refused to consider such a proposition. A large number of ordinances bearing upon street improvements were adopted.

At the Courthouse yesterday the trial of Mrs. Julia E. Knox for perjury was commenced in Department One, and Judge Smith sentenced the youthful burglar to two years at the State Prison. The jury was divided 10 to 2 in favor of the defendant. The Supreme Court, Jailer Kennedy told of a plot to break jail that was discovered, and testimony was introduced in the case of Levi vs. Gibbons to show contradictions by Gibbons and Culp.

[AT THE CITY HALL.]
MORE STALL ROOM.LAND ADJOINING THE PUBLIC
MARKET LEASED.Amendments Recommended to the
Ordinance Regulating Fruit
Vendors—Innocent Query
perpetrated by the Southern
Pacific Company.

The Council met yesterday morning in regular session at 10 o'clock with President Silver in the chair and all the members present.

After the approval of the minutes of the preceding meeting, a communication from the Street Superintendent asking for an increase of his force to eighty men was read and referred to the Finance Committee. A communication was received from City Assessor Seaman asking that the salary of his chief deputy be increased to \$100 per month. The Street Superintendent asked for advice in connection with the present shortage of the water supply, which he reported was altogether inadequate to meet the demand. The matter was referred to the Zanja Committee.

On report of the City Engineer, the final ordinances were adopted ordering the work of improving the following streets: Wright street from Pico to Sixteenth street, First street from Clarence street to Boyle avenue, Gleason avenue from Mott street to Matthews street, and Matthews street from Gleason avenue to the intersection of First and Matthews streets, Second street from Fremont avenue to Beaudry avenue, Alhambra street from Avenue 21 to Main street.

The report of City Auditor Nichols for the week ending June 19 was referred to the Finance Committee. A summary of the City Clerk's report of the balance on June 12 of \$143,229.94, receipts to June 19, \$14,762.16; disbursements, \$14,568.59, leaving a treasurer's balance on June 19 of \$143,722.61. Outstanding taxes, \$19,571.23.

The request of the Police Commissioners that ten extra officers be allowed for nine days of the month of July 1, was referred to the Finance Committee.

An ordinance submitted by the Fire Commissioners prohibiting the burning of waste material in certain districts of the city was referred to the Fire and Water Committee. The matter of advertising for 400 tons of hay for the city department was referred to the Supply Committee.

The regular demands and requisitions approved by the Finance and Supply Committee were passed.

LAND COMMITTEE.

The following report of the Land Committee was read and approved: "Your Committee on Land has been asked to report as follows: In the matter of the petition of Mrs. Carrie Lemper, we recommend that the city accept a lease for her land on the corner of Main and 12th streets for four years from July 1, at a monthly rental of \$40.

"We recommend that the petition of Mrs. Lizzie Leavelle for the lease of land be granted, and the City Attorney be directed to draw lease for the same. "We recommend that the petition of C. W. Henry for lease of city lands be granted."

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

The following report of the Finance Committee was received and adopted: "Your Finance Committee has been asked to report as follows: The report of the City Auditor regarding the collection of funds by various departments of the city government, and the depositing of the same with the City Treasurer for the month of May be approved.

"We recommend that the report of the City Auditor for the week ending June 12, 1897, be approved. "Your committee begs to hand hereafter a demand for the free labor bureau amounting to \$12.50 for rent and telephone service during the month of May and recommended it be approved by your honorable body. We would also ask that the action of this committee in approving a demand for similar expense for the month of April be approved. Both of these demands are contrary to the order of the Council made some time since, whereby the amount to be paid to the free labor bureau was limited to \$50 per month, as provided in the ordinance. We believe it is proper that it be reduced to \$12.50 for the months of April and May, and therefore make this recommendation.

"We recommend that the request of the City Clerk asking for instructions to cancel certificates of tax sale No. 417, covering the sale of lot 12, block 2, Ames's subdivision of the Glassell tract, be granted and the City Clerk be instructed to cancel same.

"Your committee recommends that the

request of the Park Commissioners for a transfer of \$500 from the Echo Park fund to the Elysian Park fund be granted and the City Auditor and City Treasurer be instructed to make such transfer as may be required.

"In the matter of the report of the City Attorney regarding the calling of an election upon the issuance of school bonds, which report was referred to this committee, we beg to recommend that in view of the recent decision of the Supreme Court and the doubt which now exists as to the chances of disposing of bonds issued as provided by the present law in an advantageous manner, the calling of an election be deferred at least until the matter has had a rehearing before the Supreme Court and their final decision rendered thereon.

"In the matter of the petition from K. R. Simkins, et al., asking for the cancellation of tax sale affecting lot at northeast corner of Turner and New High streets, we recommend same be referred to the City Attorney for his opinion.

"In the matter of the petition from J. H. Kiefer, et al., asking that the petition from M. M. Potter, et al., protesting against the licensing of laundry saloons, be recommended the same be referred to the City Attorney with instruction to draft an ordinance which will grant the relief asked for to the home laundries and meet all legal requirements.

"In the matter of the petition from J. Roscoe, et al., asking that certain amendments be made in the ordinance now regulating the public market and the licensing of fruit vendors, we recommend that the City Attorney be instructed to present an amendment to said ordinance providing that the time each day when the fruit shall be sold at the public market shall terminate at 10 o'clock a. m., as at present provided in said ordinance.

"We also recommend in this connection that the Chief of Police be asked to give such special attention as is in his power to enforcing the sale of fruit at the market only up to the hour of 10 o'clock a. m., by preventing all persons who attempt to dispose of fruit to dealers before that hour. The object of this recommendation is to maintain the public market as a place for disposing of fruit and produce up to the hour of 10 o'clock a. m., and this can only be done by strictly prohibiting all sales of fruit before that hour."

MOTIONS ADOPTED.

On motion of Councilman Toll the City Engineer was instructed to report to the Council the most feasible plan of abating the nuisance caused by debauching the Rio de Los Reyes at the intersection of Figueroa and Eighteenth streets, plans to be accompanied by an estimate of the cost of the work.

On motion of Councilman Nickell the Street Superintendent was directed to notify the Los Angeles Railway Company to replenish and repair between its tracks on the approaches to the Downey avenue bridge.

On motion of Councilman Grider the electric lighting, telephone and street railway companies are to be notified to remove all poles that are not in use from the streets.

On motion of Councilman Toll the City Engineer was requested to report to the Council at its next meeting the dimensions of the water mains and sewer now in use in Spring street from Temple to Ninth street, and to state the dimensions of both water mains and sewer he deems adequate to serve the demands of the public in that location during the life of a new asphalt road and sewer. The purpose of this motion was to discover if the dimensions of certain property-owners on Spring street to the repaving of the street on the grounds that new and adequate sewers and water mains are first needed, were well founded.

On motion of Councilman Mathews the City Engineer was instructed to set the stall stakes at the public market at once. It is expected that additional space can be provided and eight or ten new stalls be added.

A communication was received from J. A. Muir, superintendent of the Southern Pacific Company, asking advice as to what part of Alameda street the Council referred to in its notification to the railway company to repair the track adjacent to First street. The letter stated with the remark, "If any portion of this street was torn up which was not repaired at the time mentioned in the report of the City Engineer, the Council might be interested to remark that he could not believe that the Southern Pacific Company had been blind to its own interests. The matter was referred to the Board of Public Works.

PETITIONS.

C. L. McCombs was given an extension of fifteen days, with the approval of the Street Superintendent, in which to complete the contract for the improvement of Thirty-sixth street from Hoff street to Vermont avenue.

The petition was received from Julius Hauser et al. asking that Sixth street from Broadway to Pearl street be resurfaced with asphalt. A request was added that the petition be granted, a bid not exceeding 11 cents per square foot be received providing for the use of that material.

The petition of the Executive Committee of the Fourth of July celebration to the Council to participate in the demonstration was formally accepted.

The following bids to sewer Valencia, Connecticut, Blaine and Buckley streets were received, declared and referred to the Sewer Committee: George Banas, 80 cents; A. P. Pusich, 81 cents; J. Guinella, 75 cents; S. J. Edwards, 74 cents; C. L. Powell, 64-10 cents; W. A. Frick, 51 cents.

Afternoon Session.

The appeal of G. W. McCleary and R. E. Palmer against the acts and determination of the Street Superintendent in apportioning the assessments upon lot 2, in the Charlton tract, for the improvement of San Pedro street between Adams and Jefferson streets, was a special order of business at the afternoon session. A resolution was adopted correcting what appeared to be a clerical error, so that the assessment could be corrected.

The appeal of J. B. Mitchell from the assessment of \$250 for the improvement of his property in the Beaudry-avenue improvement district, was then considered. The appeal attacked the contract on the ground that it was illegally awarded, and again that the contractors, Ramish & Marsh, had not complied with its terms. Mitchell read a very long written argument in support of his appeal. When forced to the wall by the committee, a cross-examination Mitchell acknowledged that he had offered to the contractors to withdraw the reduction of 25 per cent. on his assessment. He also acknowledged that he had filed his appeal with the City Clerk and the City Engineer. On motion of Councilman Grider the appeal was unanimously denied.

DARWIN-AYENUE APPEAL.

The appeal against the decision of the Street Superintendent in accepting Darwin avenue from Drouillard street and Griffin avenue was then heard. Attorney Adcock appearing for the appellants, he asked that the Board of Public Works inspect the work and form its own opinion. After making a detailed statement of the faulty points in the work, Mr. Adcock asked for time to prove the allegations made by the appellants. Contractor Ellis then took an ordinance prohibiting the maintenance within the city of Los Angeles of bucket-shops or dens in which fictitious stocks, imaginary races and forged telegrams are the subject of speculation. The Council took no interest in

the matter and no second was forthcoming, although the mover explained that the City Attorney had explained to him that there was no ordinance covering the matter.

ZANJA COMMITTEE'S REPORT.

The following report of the Zanja Committee was received and approved: "In the matter of petition of W. H. Bowman we recommend that the Water Overseer be instructed to place pipe in condition that it will not discharge the building he is erecting at Third and Stephenson avenue.

"In the matter of the report of the Water Overseer in reference to the petition of the City Engineer to place pipe in condition that it will not discharge the building he is erecting at Third and Stephenson avenue, we recommend that the City Engineer be instructed to measure the water at this point so that the City Engineer may receive the proper amount of water."

On motion of Councilman Toll the Council was requested to grant the petition of the City Engineer for a list of all real property purchased by the city previous to 1896 at delinquent tax sales which exemption from cancellation has been made.

On motion of Councilman Toll it was ordered that hereafter all applications for the diversion of water from the electric railway poles, other than electric railway poles, be required to state the exact location of each pole and the distance between them at the given points or by stating the house number to which the place of erection corresponds.

NO PAY FOR HIS WORK.

Attorney Frank Finlayson appeared in behalf of Contractor Sherer to urge the Council to grant the petition of his client. Sherer's petition represented that he had taken the contract to lay the gutter on Main street between Broadway and Main streets, under the Western Contracting and Construction Company, the assignee of John T. Long, the original contractor with the city, and that he had not received payment. Pursuant to the terms of his contract Sherer claimed there was still due him from the Western Contracting and Construction Company the sum of \$6796.48, with interest on the sum of \$3160.55, from December 1, 1896, at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum. He alleged that in his contract with the City John T. Long agreed that the street should be turned over to the City immediately after the completion of the work, and that he was charged of all claims whatever on account of material and labor. For this reason he appealed to the Council to pass a resolution directing the City Engineer to withhold the issuance of any assessment or warrant for the work for at least one week.

The Council was in doubt as to its authority in the premises, and Assistant City Attorney Crutcher was summoned to advise it. From him the opinion was obtained that the Council could afford Sherer no relief in the matter sought, however willing it might be to force the original contractor to settle with his sub-contractors. A peremptory resolution was adopted, however, politely requesting the Superintendent of Streets to defer the issuance of a warrant, a service which the Council knew at the time it was made, and which Street Superintendent Drain freely admitted later he could not legally grant.

The Council then adjourned to meet June 28.

[AT THE COURT HOUSE.]

ON TRIAL FOR PERJURY.

MRS. JULIA E. KNOX'S VERACITY IN
QUESTION.

She is Accused of Swearing Falsely to Avoid Payment of an Honest Debt—Aftermath of Her Arrest for Arson.

Mrs. Julia E. Knox was on trial yesterday before Judge S. N. Smith and a jury in Department One of the Superior Court on a charge of perjury. Mrs. Knox testified, while a witness in a suit brought against her to recover \$250 on a promissory note, that she had not signed her name to the document.

That she did not sign the document was a fact which was not in dispute, but when he learned the boy's age he changed the sentence and sent young Ruiz to Los Angeles.

After several questions had been asked concerning the matter, and Ruiz still gave the same answer, Mr. Bell asked the court to be allowed to withdraw from the case. His request was granted.

Judge Smith sentenced Ruiz to one year in the penitentiary at Folsom, but when he learned the boy's age he changed the sentence and sent young Ruiz to Los Angeles.

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yourself from a criminal prosecution they must be released on bail. The trial will be resumed this morning.

CONTRADICTORY TESTIMONY.

Two Stories Told in Regard to a Saloon Owner's Case.

The case of M. Levy & Co. vs. P. T. Gibbons, a suit to recover a judgment on a liquor bill, came up for a second time before Judge York in Department Three yesterday. The case was partially heard some days ago. Gibbons refused to answer the bill for liquor furnished a saloon of which he held the license because one Culp was the real owner of the saloon, and Gibbons simply held the license in favor, having no interest in the business.

Yesterday T. P. Dyer, Esq., and Dr. J. Owens, both testified that Culp had been brought before supplemental proceedings since the liquor bill with Levy & Co. suit, and that both Mr. Dyer and Dr. Owens testified that both Culp and Gibbons swore that Gibbons owned the saloon, and that Culp, against whom Dr. Owens has a judgment, had no interest in it. Justice Rossiter arrived in the courtroom yesterday too late to testify, but he stated that his testimony would have been in corroboration of that given by Mr. Dyer and Dr. Owens. The case was continued.

ALLEGED PLOT DISCOVERED.

Jailer Kennedy Says a Trusty Gave
Him a Valuable Tip.

Jailer P. J. Kennedy of the County Jail said yesterday that a desperate plot to break jail after killing a turnkey had been discovered and averted. The story of the incident, as told by Mr. Kennedy, is as follows:

A trusty came to Kennedy and said that he had been approached on a proposition, and asked to take a part in a jail-break. The trusty said Wilson, under a ninety-day sentence for a misdemeanor offense, Ruiz, charged with stealing calves from the Wolfskill ranch, and Blismo, who was recently sentenced to ten years imprisonment for cattle-stealing, were the men who were implicated, and those who sought to drag him into the plot. One of their number was to make the turnkey come to where he was held, and then to feign severe and sudden illness. When the turnkey opened the door he was to be fixed. Escape would then be comparatively easy, Kennedy says. The officers kept watch for three days, and finally heard that Wilson had procured a knife.

During afternoon Kennedy searched Wilson, and says he found a knife with a five-inch blade hung around the prisoner's body. He took the knife from Wilson, and locked him in a dungeon.

TWO YEARS AT ONE.

Mariano Ruiz Pleaded Guilty to a
Charge of Burglary.

Mariano Ruiz, a Chatsworth Park boy 17 years of age, pleaded guilty to a charge of burglary yesterday in Department One, and Judge Smith sentenced him to two years imprisonment in the Preston School of Industry at Long Beach, where he was asked to have broken into John Clark's house and stolen a revolver.

When Ruiz was arraigned yesterday morning Judge Smith asked him what plea he wished to enter to the charge. Before the boy answered, Horace Bell, Esq., stated to the court that Ruiz exhibited no signs of insanity, and, however, through an interpreter, said he wished to plead guilty. When that fact was announced to Mr. Bell, he reported that the boy was not "not guilty," and said to the court that he had examined the evidence and discovered that the boy was not guilty of the crime charged.

After several questions had been asked concerning the matter, and Ruiz still gave the same answer, Mr. Bell asked the court to be allowed to withdraw from the case. His request was granted.

Judge Smith sentenced Ruiz to one year in the penitentiary at Folsom, but when he learned the boy's age he changed the sentence and sent young Ruiz to Los Angeles.

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SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF—

900 DROPS

Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Fac-Simile Signature of

BUSINESS.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE TIMES.
Los Angeles, June 21, 1897.

IRRIGATION BONDS. A Brooklyn correspondent of the United States Investor quotes the following from the new Irrigation Act passed by the State Legislature:

"A majority in number of the holders of title, or evidences of title to lands, susceptible of irrigation, etc., such holders of title, or evidence of title, representing a majority in value of said lands, etc."

Commenting upon the probable effect of this provision, the correspondent referred to says:

"It can be seen from the above that 'title, or a majority of the holders of title' cannot now mean the formation of an irrigation district; the majority must be one which owns a majority in value of the lands. The effect of this will be to make it practically impossible for irrigation districts to be formed in California, and it virtually kills the irrigation law, except as to districts which are now formed."

"I do not believe it would be possible to secure a majority in number of holders of title, who also hold a majority of the value of lands, in any area of California susceptible of being converted into an irrigation district, to join in a petition for the formation of a district, and the reason for this is payable to any one familiar with the ownership distribution of the surface area of this State."

GENERAL BUSINESS TOPICS.

THE PARIS EXPOSITION. The Times has referred on several occasions to the importance of the Paris Exposition of 1900, and has expressed the hope that the United States and especially Southern California, would be well represented at that great fair. Late advice from the French capital says that the exposition bids fair to eclipse all previous attempts of the kind in history. The nations of Europe have all made great progress during the past ten or twenty years, and a majority of them have asked for very greatly increased space. The following are the comparative figures of the space allotted in the Paris Exposition of 1889 and of that requested for the one three years hence:

| | 1889. | 1900. |
|-----------------|---------|---------|
| Austria-Hungary | 100,000 | 150,000 |
| Belgium | 100,000 | 150,000 |
| Germany | 100,000 | 150,000 |
| Italy | 100,000 | 150,000 |
| Japan | 100,000 | 150,000 |
| Russia | 100,000 | 150,000 |
| Spain | 100,000 | 150,000 |
| Sweden | 100,000 | 150,000 |
| Switzerland | 100,000 | 150,000 |
| United States | 100,000 | 150,000 |
| Great Britain | 100,000 | 150,000 |

Great Britain has requested that as much space be allotted to her as to any other nation. The exhibit of that country in 1889 covered 200,000 square feet. All except three of the governments invited by France to take part in the exposition have officially communicated their acceptance.

The people of Southern California who have benefited so much by exhibits on such occasions in the past, should begin to take up the question of making an exhibit of Southern California products at Paris in 1900 that will cast in the shade the display made by this section in Chicago, San Francisco and Atlanta.

COMMERCIAL.

MARKETING FRUIT. Recent advice from New York state that the unseasonable weather which had prevailed there had a very bad effect on the fruit market, so that all kinds of fresh fruit sold so slowly that most of it spoiled before it could be marketed. The San Francisco Call comments upon this incident and expresses the opinion that the improved transportation facilities and the enlarged yield of our orchards have increased the supply of fresh fruit that we send East, while the demand of the eastern market has not increased at an equal rate, so that it is a question whether even the return of summer weather will make the net income of the larger shipments equal to the net return of former years. The California fruit-grower will always be handicapped in selling fresh fruit in the eastern market by the cheaper transportation facilities which are enjoyed by the Southern States. Commenting upon this matter the Call says:

"This condition of affairs does not necessarily entail a loss upon California as a fruit-producing State. On the contrary, it may have the effect of benefiting the commonwealth by forcing our people to send east not raw fruit but preserved fruit. There are much larger profits to be made by the sale of preserved cherries and apricots than by their sale in any other way. The preserving, marketing, should not be confined to the simple process of canning, but should include the finest jellies and delicacies which can be formed from the products of our orchards."

"The market for fine fruit preserves has never been overstocked. Even in California we import such preserves. The shelves of our grocery stores loaded with delicacies imported from Europe, the raw material of which may have been grown in the United States, and especially in California. When we have become convinced that there is no profit in shipping fresh cherries to New York we may make more money by preserving them at home, and out of the increased prices and the surer market for that class of goods find a reward more than enough to repay us for the losses which force us to become a manufacturing community in spite of ourselves."

LOCAL PRODUCE MARKET.

Wholesale Quotations Revised Daily.

LOS ANGELES, June 21, 1897.

The butter market remains as at the close of last week. Local creameries continue to keep up prices for the week. Prices for San Francisco cream are quoted for several days at 16 1/2 cts. per pound, equivalent to 25 1/2 cts. per two-pound roll, whereas the price in the local market for the same grade of butter ranges all the way from 4 1/2 to 4 7/8. How long this condition will last remains to be seen. Prominent among the factors between the two markets is too great and that a break is bound to result. Local dairymen appear to be working in unison, and so far this summer have been able, to an extent perhaps never before known, to dictate prices. The shutting out of butter by the new State law undoubtedly has helped to bring about this state of affairs. The price of butter has increased amazingly since the law was passed, and it is not probable that any considerable or immediate rise at San Francisco, and if it does, it will be the result of the same cause. The result will probably be larger consignments to this market from the coast counties. Until then, at least, local dairymen will remain masters of the situation.

Eggs remain rather weak, with sales slow at 12 1/2 cts.

Old potatoes are practically out of the market. New potatoes are coming in to 75 cts. per sack for good stock.

The feeling in oranges is a little better. Cars have been loaded recently with surplus, so that early buyers are now pretty well cleared up. Red and pink varieties are bringing better prices, and will probably continue to do so until reds get really plenty.

Barley has made a slight advance. Grain is unchanged.

Lemons are going up with the advent of warm weather. The price has been fair, but is increasing considerably when the new tariff goes into effect.

Cucumbers, green corn and other garden truck, as well as summer fruits, are getting cheaper day by day.

Live Stock.

Hogs—Per lb., 25.00; 25.00; 25.00.

Beef—Per lb., 25.00; 25.00; 25.00.

Lamb—Per lb., 25.00; 25.00; 25.00.

Sheep—Per lb., 25.00; 25.00; 25.00.

Flour and Feedstuffs.

Flour—Local extra roller process, per bbl., 4.00; 4.00; 4.00.

Feedstuffs—Barley, per ton, local, 17.00; 17.00; 17.00.

Shorts—Per ton, local, 17.00; 17.00; 17.00.

Grain—Per ton, local, 17.00; 17.00; 17.00.

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Grain—Per ton, local, 17.00; 17.00; 17.00.

18.00; rolled barley, 18.00; rolled oats, per bbl., 4.75; 4.75; 4.75.

rolled wheat, per bbl., 2.00; cracked corn, per cwt., 1.10; cornmeal, 1.75; feed meal, 1.15; oilcake, 1.65; 1.65; 1.65.

Butter and Cheese.

Butter—Fancy local creamery, 25.00; 25.00; 25.00.

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